

General Miscellany.**Herson & Berkeley Land****FOR SALE.**

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, rendered on the 16th day of October, 1833, in the case of Henry Boteler, administrator with the will annexed of F. Boteler, dec'd., and administrator de son of James S. Lane, deceased, against James S. Lane's distributees and others, I sell, on Friday the 7th of February, 1834, before the hotel of Daniel Estler in Shepherdstown, expose to sale; at public auction, to highest bidder, the

Tracts of Land, and the HOUSE AND LOT,

the proceedings mentioned. The tracts and above alluded to were formerly owned by Benjamin Foreman and George Powell, joint each other, and by them were situated in the county of Jefferson and Berkeley, near a small village called Handbridge, about three miles from Henry's Hill on the Potomac river, and about five miles above Shepherdstown, adjoining the lands of Van Swearingen, after R. Selby, Henry Roher, James S. Lane's heirs, and Leaking Baker's heirs, containing, by estimation, about

350 ACRES.

The land is of an excellent quality, well adapted to the growth of wheat, rye, corn, &c.; with a little expense, could be made into stock farm. About 150 acres of land can be made into excellent meadow. It is marshy, running right through the tract of it. On the Potowmuck there is a Dredging House, &c. a good Orange orchard, and a lime-stone Spring convenient to the buildings; and on the Foreman tract there is a first-rate mill site, with the water privilege, well situated for a merchant flour factory, or any thing of the sort, together with the remains of an old mill. Any persons wishing to purchase the above sets of Land, will please call on Mr. John McFarland, who is now living on them, and will give any further information they desire.

The HOUSE and LOT

above mentioned, is situated on Prince St., Shepherdstown, between Mr. Jacob Line's dwelling house, and Mr. John Shugart's saddle shop, at present occupied by Miss Sowers.

Terms of sale.—One-third in hand, the residue in three equal payments, (secured by a deed of trust on the premises,) respectively to be made in six, twelve and eighteen months from the day of sale.

JOHN H. MCANDREE, Comm'r.

Dec. 26, 1833.—t.

Jefferson & Berkeley Land**FOR SALE.**

WILL sell, at public sale, on Friday the 7th February, 1834, before the tavern of Daniel Estler in Shepherdstown, a

LOT OF LAND,

containing about SIXTY ACRES, being part of a tract of land which formerly belonged to Benjamin Foreman and lies on the east side of the road leading to Shepherdstown. There on this lot is a large never-failing limestone spring. The whole of this lot is in a good state of cultivation, and is as productive as any other limestone-land in Jefferson county.

It will also, at the same time and place, be the other **TRACT OF LAND**, lying in Meadow Branch, in Berkeley county, containing about **400 ACRES**, the most of which is heavily timbered, and is supposed to contain a bank of Anthracite Coal. This tract of land lies about eight miles from the head of the New-Caledonia Canal, and holds great inducements, and is worthy the attention of gentlemen who wish to engage in the coal business.

The above property will be sold on the following terms.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, the residue in two annual payments, with interest on the day of sale, the purchaser giving a deed of trust on the land to secure the future payment.

HENRY BOTELER, Adm'r.
de son of James S. Lane, dec'd.

Dec. 26, 1833.

A Valuable Tannery, &c.**AT HARPERS-FERRY.****FOR SALE.**

THE very valuable and eligible real property belonging to the estate of Townsend Beckham, dec'd., situated on the upper part of the Island of Virginia, at Harpers-Ferry, is now in the market, at private sale.

The premises consist of a TANNING ESTABLISHMENT, with water works to grind bark, a large number of Vats, Shops, Bark houses, and every other appurtenance required to carry on the business on the most extensive scale.

An excellent Oil Mill,
TWO COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSES,
The yards and garden of one of them highly improved, together with several out-buildings of different kinds.

A further description of said property is deemed inexpedient, as the purchaser will of course view it for himself. It is confidently believed, however, that the various unusual advantages, arising from its proximity to two great works of internal improvement, the abundant supply of country hides from the Harpers-Ferry market, the water power, &c. combine to render it the most eligible property of the kind, for a person or company with a good capital, to be found in the country.

The property, being unsuited to the occupation and management of a widow and young children, will be disposed of on very reasonable terms, both as to price and extension of credit.

For further particulars, apply either to John Frame, at Harpers-Ferry, or to Andrew Hunter, in Charles Town, Va.

Nov. 7, 1833.

**White-House Tavern
FOR RENT.**

THE very valuable and well-known Tavern stand, known by the name of the WHITE-HOUSE, with all its appurtenances, (stable, smoke-house, spring-house, garden, &c. &c.) is for rent. It is situated on the main street, leading from Charles Town to Winchester, about six miles from the former and 16 miles from the latter place.

If the above property is not rented privately by the 1st day March next, it will, on that day, on the premises, be rented to the highest bidder. Possession given on the 1st March.

RACHEL LOCK.

Dec. 26, 1833.

LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL, at private sale, that

able **TRACT OF LAND**, lately owned by Jacob Heidwill, containing

190 1-2 ACRES.

If not previously disposed of, it will be offered at public auction, at the Great House in Charles Town, on the 1st day of March.

The terms of payment will be made to suit purchasers.

DANIEL KARLE, Jr.

Nov. 7, 1833.

**THE SPLENDID PACKET BOAT,
The President.**

AS been placed upon the CANAL, to run daily between the Point of Rocks and Harpers-Ferry, to meet the Rail-Road CARS, running to and from Baltimore.

The PRESIDENT leaves Harpers-Ferry

on the 10th inst., and returns

on the arrival of the Cars from Baltimore, FIFTY CENTS.

PARTIES OR PLEASURE can be accommodated on reasonable terms, by the owner and captain.

Z. M. OFFUTT.

Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 19, 1833.

CHACKERS & CHEESE.

FOR sale by

WM. CLEVELAND & CO.

Virginia Free Press.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1834.

NO. 47.

VOL. XXVI.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY
JOHN S. GALLIEHER.

CONDITIONS.

**TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CTS.
PER ANNUM.**

Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be received in payment in full, if paid entirely in advance. Whenever payment is deferred, it will be charged the proportion of the year.

Subscriptions for six months, \$1 25, to be paid invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING.

The terms of advertising are: For a square of 12x12, \$1, for three insertions—larger ones, double the proportion. Each continuation, \$2.

All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

WORTHY OF ATTENTION!**Land of a Superior Quality****FOR SALE.**

THE subscriber being desirous to remove to the West, offers for sale that desirable piece of property, lying in Jefferson County, Va., on the main turnpike road leading from Baltimore, and immediately at the cross road leading to Alexandria, 5 miles from Harpers-Ferry, and 24 from Charles Town (the county seat). Harpers-Ferry, it will be recollect, is the best country market in Virginia for all kinds of country produce; to which place the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is now completed, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-Road also within a few miles of it; whence flour can be transported for 37 1/2 cents per barrel, and perhaps less, either to Georgetown or Baltimore. It can be testified that this tract has been cultivated upwards of 40 barrels of wheat and 60 bushels of corn, per acre, and 60 tons of hay, per season. It is, without exception, the best farm in the Valley, and contains about **120 ACRES**, with out a stone-break upon it, has a sufficiency of timber, and the whole farm is now in a high state of cultivation, and under good fencing.

The improvements are a large and commodious well-finished

Tavern House,

which has been occupied as such for several years, with success—and every necessary building for a farm and tavern, all under good roofs and in complete order—a first-rate young apple orchard of choice fruit, and two never-failing wells of water, with pumps in them, convenient to the house.

Persons disposed to purchase, will undoubtedly view the property, when the terms will be made known by the subscriber, living on the premises.

HENRY D. GARNIERT.

Will be sold, at public sale, on Friday the first day of March, 1834, at the highest bidder, for the first day of that day, to the highest bidder.

H. D. G.

Jan. 9, 1834.

07 The Hagerstown Mail, Lancaster (Penn.) Journal, and Fredericktown Examiner, will insert the above until the day of sale, if not forb'd, and forward their accounts to the Free Press.

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Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 19, 1833.

DRUGS, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, BOOKS, &c.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Drugs, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Books, &c.

He can with confidence say, that his assortment is more general than it has ever been before. Among a number of articles just opened, are the following, viz:

Prunet Salts, Lucifer or Attrition Matchs, Fluid Extract of Saraparilla, Fluid Extract of Pink Root, Male Fern, Gum Myrrh, Sulphate of Morphia, Acalypt of Morphine, Demarcotised Laudanum, German Gum, India Paste or Pectoral Gum, in boxes—Oil of Lemon, Oil of Bergamot, Indigo ink in capsules, Cupping Glasses, Ear-wax, Colloge-Wax, Balsom, Vaseline, Vaseline, Colloge-Wax, in fancy bottles, Oil Juniper, Spirits of Turpentine, Copalate Sand, Silver Sand, &c. &c.

Also—twenty-seven different kinds of CONFECTION.—Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Almonds, English Walnuts and Filberts. Together with a handsome supply of useful BOOKS, especially for children and young ladies and gentlemen.

JAMES BROWN.

Jan. 2, 1834.

Dr. Wm. H. D. Hall.

HAVING located himself in the neighborhood of Leetown, Jefferson county, to offer his professional services to the public.

His residence is at Mrs. Boall's.

Oct. 17, 1833.—if

**TRANSPORTATION
BETWEEN THE CANAL AND RAIL-ROAD.**

Baltimore & Harpers-Ferry,

BY THE CANAL AND RAIL-ROAD.

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

Devoted to Politics, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Literature, Science, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, Internal Improvement, and General Miscellany.

THE FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1834.

The election of Governor is proof conclusive that the Jackson Van Buren cause is in a minority in the Legislature. Notwithstanding the assertion of the Enquirer, that Mr. Tazewell was elected by the "State Right Administration," some few Clay votes, and some other politeness, we undertake to assert, without the fear of contradiction, that the Administration strength in the two houses does not exceed fifty.

Of the votes given to Mr. Tazewell in the final vote, there were not ten Van Buren men; and if a third vote had been necessary, Mr. T.'s number would have been swayed by thirty of Mr. W.'s friends. Mr. Tazewell is well known, is opposed to the Administration upon all the leading topics of the day, and he is decidedly and unalterably opposed to Mr. Van Buren's succession to the Presidency.

By the election of Mr. Tazewell, therefore, Virginia has been "redeemed, regenerated, and disenthralled."

REMOVAL OF THE DEPOSITES.

"The citizens of Jefferson, without distinction of parties, are respectfully requested to convoke at the Court-House in Charlestown, on MONDAY NEXT, (being Court day,) to take into consideration the present pecuniary distresses of the country—the source whence they have originated—and the proper remedy to be applied.

MANY CITIZENS.

JAN. 16, 1834.

The Richmond Enquirer, of Friday last, announces the forthcoming of his "further expose," in the following dignified and alarming manner:—"We have a little rod in pickle for Monseigneur Gallaher—against the Editor of 'The Free Press'—also one of the Delegates of Jefferson county—also one of the Maryland Commissioners—also the would-be Public Printer.—We shall bring in the article, as soon as we have room for such a purpose."

PROSCRIPTION.

The Enquirer of Saturday thus notices the proscription of the Clerks, by Mr. Franklin:

"Removal.—It appears from the proceedings of Congress, that one assistant Clerk has been displaced by the Clerk of the House. Why? Is it for my own sake?—or for the sake of the public?—or for the sake of our country? If the last, we will reprobate such political persecution. It can come to no good.—Let the friends of the Administration—let the friends of our free institutions—be assured of the fact."

"We for one, lift up our hands against it!" Fiddlesticks! Why did not the Enquirer lift up its hands before?—When in 1822 and 1830, every individual man and woman, prompted by Gen. Jackson for opinion sake, why did not the Enquirer "lift up its hands?" or its voice at least? Why does he now?—Is it because of a recent election, and the antipathy of one 12 months hence?

[Richard W.

serious and uncharitable Mr. W., in his late speeches, makes the following remark:

"We behold around us all the usual symptoms of approaching despotism. The land is filled with spies and informers. The people, especially those who are the incumbents of office in this place, speak in voices which are a forewarning of the left-hand and many accents of freedom. These are the premonitory symptoms of the disease which threatens us, and if Congress shall not speedily apply a remedy, collapse must ensue, and then we must die, ignominiously, die, unspotted, unwept and unburied."

It is too true—we see it and feel it daily.—The manly and independent character of Americans is lost to us. We see the laws violated, and yet dare not speak as freethinkers ought to speak;—see them intrigue, corruption, and ambition go hand in hand, and yet they do not raise their voice. We shall share the fate of the Roman and Grecian republics, if there are not enough patriots in the land to save it.

[W.

It would seem, by the following extract from the late Message of the Governor of Maryland, that the boundary line dispute between that State and Virginia, is not likely to be readily settled. The Governor says:

"The communication from His Excellency the Governor of Virginia, in relation to the long unsettled boundary line, between that Commonwealth and this State, and the act of the General Assembly, of which His Excellency enclosed the authenticated copy herewith transmitted, it seems to us, leaves no ground to hope for settlement of the pending controversy in the mode hitherto pursued. Under this impression, and having that the fair, impartial and correct mode of settling the controversy, a Commission is to be appointed by the two States, respectively, with full power to inquire and, in case of disagreement, by the joint appointment of His Excellency the Governor of the time being, of the State of Delaware, which we had several years since proposed, and which was rejected under the resolution of December Session, 1831—that the Legislature of Virginia is not disposed to treat upon the subject, but now the assumption, on their part, of an important—if not the main point in dispute, we deemed it proper to, forbear any further correspondence relation thereto. And we now submit the matter to your consideration, under the fullest conviction that, in its present posture, we cannot consistently with the dignity of the State, make any further advances for an adjustment by negotiation—that we have no other alternatives but to yield—the contest, and relinquish our claims, or to assert our rights before the tribunal, constitutionally authorized, judicially to decide upon them."

At a meeting of the Directors on the 7th inst., Nicholas Bonner, Esq. was unanimously re-elected President of the Bank of the United States.

The Supreme Court of the United States yesterday began its annual session, in the Court room at the Capitol. Present as follows:

Chief Justice MARSHALL,
Associate Judges STORY, THOMPSON,
MCLELLAN, BALDWIN.—[Nat. Int. Jan. 14.]

We regret to learn, by a letter from one of our subscribers, that the Hon. EPHRAIM K. WADDELL, late a Representative in Congress from the Eastern Shore of Maryland, died at his residence in Snow Hill, on the 13th instant.—Nat. Int.

The Ocean Insurance Company of Boston have declared a dividend of ten per cent for the last sixty days, payable on Monday the 13th inst.

LEGISLATURE OF VIRGINIA.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

RICHMOND, JAN. 10.

On Thursday, the 2d, the principal part of the day, was occupied in a discussion relative to the right of Joseph Cameron, to hold his seat, as delegate from Allegany. Mr. Cameron was, at the time of his election, surveyor of the county, and deputy sheriff, both of which offices the house declared to be within the meaning of the Constitution, as "intrae office." Mr. Cameron's seat was accordingly vacated, and a new writ of election ordered.

On Friday, the Bank subject was further postponed for a week. Since that, however, the Stockholders of the Bank of Virginia have themselves ordered a revision of the Contract with the Secretary of the Treasury at Washington. This being done, the resolutions of the Stockholders were yesterday referred to the Select Committee.

Nothing of material interest occurred, until the day appointed for the election of Governor. Every member of the Senate was in his seat, and all were present in the House except four.

Mr. Bookers of Amelias, nominated LITTLETON WALLER TAZEWELL of Norfolk, who was sustained by Messrs. Cunningham of Norfolk, Williams of Orange, and Barbour of Culpeper.

Mr. Wilson, of Botetourt, nominated EDWARD WATTS, of Botetourt, who was supported by Mr. Waterman of Rockingham.

Mr. Kincheloe, of Harrison, nominated JAMES McDowell, Jr. of Rockbridge, but withdrew his nomination at the request of Mr. McDowell himself.

Mr. Watkins of Goochland, nominated PARKER V. DANIEL of Richmond City, who was sustained by Mr. Roane of Hanover.

Some of the speeches were very eloquent and impressive; the Senators were among the auditors; and about 2 o'clock, the nominations were announced to the Senate.

The vote in the House stood thus:—For Tazewell 55, Watts 39, Daniel 27, McDowell 7.

In the Senate: For Tazewell 12, Daniel 13, Watts 7. Total in both houses: Tazewell 67, Watts 46, Daniel 40, McDowell 7. There being no choice, a second vote was taken, as follows: (Mr. Daniel being dropped by a rule of the house.)

In the House: For Tazewell 63, Watts 41, McDowell 22, Daniel 2. In the Senate: Tazewell 20, Watts 12. Joint vote: Tazewell 85, Watts 53, McDowell 23, Daniel 2. Tazewell's majority 8, over all other candidates.

On Wednesday, the day was principally occupied by discussion on a bill providing for a subscription to the Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road Company. Mr. Collins briefly stated the merits of the work, and Mr. Brown of Petersburg delivered an able and truly eloquent speech against the propriety of the subscription. He considered it a rival work to the Petersburg Road.

On Thursday, the subject was resumed.

Mr. Bruce of Halifax supported the subscription in a neat and lucid speech. Mr. Stevenson of Spottsylvania, and Mr. Colston, opposed the bill. Mr. Watkins of Goochland, Mr. Holloman of Isle of Wight, and Mr. McDowell of Rockbridge, also sustained the bill, and Mr. Brown commenced a rejoinder, but gave way, at half past 3, for a motion to adjourn.

On Friday, (this day,) Mr. Brown concluded his remarks against the Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road bill, and at the close introduced a few of the most eloquent and weighty passages which I have ever heard in this hall.

Mr. Jones of Elizabeth City, followed Mr. Brown, in favor of the bill, and was also very happy and eloquent. Mr. Garland of Amherst, Mr. Johnson of Chesterfield, and Mr. Stuart of Augusta, also opposed the bill; and at half past 3, the vote was taken by ayes and nays, and stood—aye 71, nay 52. So the bill passed by a majority of 19. Amount, \$10,000.

An extract:

Resolved, That the Stockholders disapprove of so much of the agreement between the President and Directors of the Bank of Virginia, and the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, for the deposit of the public money of the United States in the Bank of Virginia, as is embraced in the second, fifth, sixth, seventh, and eighth articles thereof;—so much of the 2d article as stipulates, that returns of the condition of the Bank shall be made to the Secretary of the Treasury, and submits the Books and transactions of the Bank to the examination of the Secretary of the Treasury, or his Agent;—and so much of the 4th article as stipulates, that the Bank shall transfer any portion of its deposits, to any other Bank on Banks.

Resolved, That the Stockholders disapprove of the removal of the Deposites, by the Secretary of the Treasury, or his Agent, from the State Banks, and the sending of the same to the Bank of Virginia.

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VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

Devoted to Politics, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Literature, Science, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, Internal Improvement, and General Miscellany.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

TUSCALOOSA, (Ala) Dec. 24. *Joyful Intelligence.* — The Creek country may be considered as an area where the gratification may lay before our readers and an anxious community, a message addressed to both branches of Legislature, by his Excellency, Governor Gayle, with several bills not heretofore published—*which is a letter addressed to the Creekmen by Francis Key, Esq., all of which will be read with the deepest interest.* It will be perceived the language of the message of Governor Gayle, “that the settlers in the new country are to remain in the undisturbed possession of their improvements, and that the order of the Secretary of War are to be confined exclusively to the locations which were reserved to the Indians by the treaty.” To this arrangement, it appears to me, there should be no objection—any settler, who may be bound upon the reservations which may be allotted to the Indians, will be required to remove. We presume no settler, as much as he has no right to the land, will hesitate to comply with this condition; but do we hope that this perplexing question is amicably adjusted, and that conflict will occur between the State and the Federal authorities.

Mr. Key writes to Governor Gayle on the 11th inst., that he understood the settlers would be generally satisfied with this arrangement—and that few, if any of them, who may be found in these reservations, would, if left to pursue their own course, be so unreasonable as to refuse either to buy of the Indians, or remove from their lands, and let them sell to others.”

CHARLESTON, Jan. 2. — The intelligence as this morning received of the demise of Colonel WILLIAM GATESWELL, President of Waterborough (S. C.) Col. T. of the Republicans of the House of Representatives in the Legislature of this state. He was the staunch advocate of (State Rights) principles, and notwithstanding his extreme bad health as elected, and served, as a member of last Convention, which proved the scene of his political life; thus worthily closing a career of honor and usefulness as a man and a citizen.

The Murderer of Miss Cunningham—seen a very imperfect statement published in several papers respecting this strongly suspected individual, we deem proper to state the following facts on which the suspicion and his arrest were founded. Mr. Stebbins is a shoemaker by trade, and at the time of the murder dwelt within a very short distance of the place where the murder was committed, minutes before the act was perpetrated, Miss C. was at his house. A note identified as belonging to her, has been recovered, and is now in the possession of a lawyer now in Baltimore. A witness with blood on his hands also shows him to a gentleman of this place, and which he stated was given him by Mr. Conner, a person arrested for the murder, and against whom he appeared as principal witness, although the truth he did produce the handkerchief. These circumstances, together with his great desire to conceal one other individual arrested on suspicion of being the perpetrator of the offense, have led to his suspicion and arrest. The report of the Stocking of Miss C. being in his possession, is incorrect, as well as many other rumors.

[C. Adm. Rep.]

Execution of Miner and Brown—Amos Miner, for the murder of John Smith, Esq., and Charles Brown, a colored man, for stabbing Col. Richard Smith, on the highway, were executed on Friday, in Providence. Miner, says the Herald, exhibited a violent and excited mind, denounced the people of Rhode Island, and his ravings were only ended by the termination of his mortal career.

Singular Death. — A man named Lingster, residing in Middletown Valley, whilst engaged, the other day, in killing swallows, was slightly bitten by one of the animals—the puncture was very small, causing considerable pain, he applied a physician in the vicinity, from whom he received some medicine, but had swallowed it only a short time when he swooned and died. The presumption is that a small poison was communicated to his system from the bird's tooth. [Fred. Herald.]

The value of the property destroyed by fire which burnt last week the stores of Mr. Walo and the Messrs. Stacey, at Philadelphia, is rated at more than a hundred thousand dollars, and it is said that the Insurance Companies will be the chief losers.

Earthquake in Peru. — We mentioned a few days ago the destruction of the town of Arica, in Chile, by an earthquake, and the number of lives lost amounted to seven hundred. Farms are said to be totally destroyed. The beautiful valley of Zapa is laid waste. The famous White Bluff (about 200 feet height) on the right bank, as you enter the town of Arica, is said to have been entirely washed away. Small islands, on the same side, so small that a frigate can sail over them. The shock was felt at half past ten o'clock P.M., and was succeeded by three others, at intervals of two, three, and five minutes, the last of which was most severe. The sea rose about four feet higher than usual.

THE MARKETS.

FLOUR. — The wagon price has experienced another decline. At the beginning of the week was uniformly 45 cents to day we find that wheat price continues to be paid by some dealers paying but 75 cents, while it may at no time previous. A large part of the receipts continue to go into store on the country owners' account.

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the political relation which the newly elected Senator from Pennsylvania, Gen. McKean bears towards Mr. Van Buren, has been a matter of much speculation with some. We think the following extract from a late Extra of Gen. McKean, taken in connection with one upon the same subject by the Rev. Mr. Hoskyns, Mr. Edward S. Dux- tanson, Merchant, of Harper's Ferry, to Miss Elizabeth Keen, of Washington City.

I do not consider that Gen. Jackson is wholly above the imperfections of human nature; his confiding friends and impulsive enemies alike do him injustice. I am, and always have been his friend; and intend, regardless of frowns, and flattery, to do conscientious justice to all his acts and measures.

I am also and always have been opposed to the political preferment and pretensions of Martin Van Buren, and no man has authority from me even to instigate the contrary. My declarations to all, and on all occasions, are,

“I am a friend of Gen. Jackson, and opposed to Martin Van Buren,” not from expulsive motives, but on principle—for I feel indeed despair of the permanency of free Government if any man of such magnitude can reach the Chair of the Magistracy by intrigue and machination. But to the will of the people, when constitutionally expressed, I will always bow with reverence; therefore, as Vice President of the United States, Mr. Van Buren is entitled to, and shall receive from me, respectful consideration; beyond this courtesy, itself, gives him no claim.

For myself I should have no particular pride on this point, and whatever may be the result of stretching, and management, one thing is clear, that the last struggle, which made the people decide in my favour—and that in doing so they also decided against Mr. Van Buren, appears to me at least as clear—a case is that assumed, and to which I assent, that the re-election of Gen. Jackson was by the people a virtual decision against the U. S. Bank—but how so anxious to save appearances now? Have not the people of Pennsylvania in all former occasions, when the interest of Mr. Van Buren came up, whether incidentally or directly, decided against him? Surely they have. And what has he done since, let me ask, to alter their opinions or win their favor? It has been made known to me, if I would publish, avowing that he has done nothing to warrant such a claim, and that his conduct in the fall of 1832, in his opposition to the bill for the reduction of the national bank, was a gross violation of such measures as will command singly and permanent impairment of said river from its junction with the Potomac at Harper's Ferry, up to the forks of said river near Point Row. The citizens of both countries, and all other persons in adjacent countries, who feel an interest in said improvements are respectfully requested to attend the meetings as above stated.

—A Friend to Internal Improvement.

A Journeyman Printer.

WHIO can work at case and press, and who possesses industrious and steady habits, will find a situation by immediate application at the Free Press Office.

January 10, 1834.

Look at This! — A Most Valuable Farm FOR SALE.

I AM authorized to sell, at private sale, this FARM now in the possession of my mother, (Mrs. Ann N. Hammond,) and upon which she resides.

This tract of land is within a half mile of Charlestown, containing about

300 ACRES,

One-fourth clothed in fine timber, and finely watered—the Charlestown-rill passing through the centre of it—and there being also upon it several never-falling springs.

This Farm has never been tenanted out; but for the last ten years has been cultivated with an almost exclusive view to the improvement of the soil; yet, at the same time, it has yielded during that period an average crop of 1800 bushels of Wheat, or between 50 and 60 bushels to the acre, and a proportionate quantity of corn, and other usual productions of a farm. In point of richness and fertility of soil, we believe it to be equal to any tract of land in this country, it is peculiarly adapted to the production of wheat, its surface being even and undulating, and well cleared of rocks and breaks.

There are upon it two large orchards containing a great variety of fine and carefully selected fruit trees.

The buildings are a comfortable brick dwelling, Kitchen, House for servants, and Mast-House, a com-

plete set of outbuildings, granary, carriage house, and ice-house.

The whole tract has been fully enclosed by post and rail and plank fencing.

ALSO,

A HOUSE and LOT.

On the Main-Street in Charlestown, most eligibly situated for business of any kind. It is the property now occupied by Mr. Joshua Beaver as a shoe store and dwelling.

Terms—One-fourth, or one-third in cash, the balance in deferred payment, arranged with regard to the convenience of the purchaser.

It is desired to make an early sale.

It will be found (not seen in Charlestown) at the residence of my mother.

GEORGE W. HAMMOND.

Jan. 16, 1834.

BULLSKIN LAND FOR SALE.

THREE FARMS, on which we reside, lying on Bullskin, near Kabelltown, are for sale. One Farm contains 132 ACRES, and the other 147 ACRES. These farms formerly belonged to Daniel Hefflebower, sen.—they adjoin each other, and also adjoin the lands of James W. McMurtry, Henry Howland, and others. They are in a high state of cultivation, with good improvements, and will be sold together, or separately, that at last, when the correctness of the name was disputed, he went himself to the office of Mr. Riker, to ask the clerk to swear that the writing was Mr. Riker's—it was sometime before that gentleman could decide that the signature was not his own, so completely had it been forged. It was however deemed a counterfeit; and suspicion being aroused, information was sent to Washington, the archives were searched, and a mass of papers was forwarded to the District Attorney at New York, every one of which proved to be a forgery, from Osgood's hands.

His arrest, trial, and sentence to fourteen years' imprisonment, are well known. He is now at the Sing-Sing penitentiary, employed in tailoring. Being rather refractory, he has been flogged twice. It is melancholy to contemplate such a fate, but it is the true consequence of such a course, and illustrates the direful evils of an overbearing passion for money; a passion which, when reasonably and liberal, is praiseworthy; but when grasping and cold, is in every sense contemptible.

(Phil. Int.)

practices in the business of the insolvent courts. These however, were overlooked, because not palpable enough for conviction, nor sufficiently dangerous for alarm.

His last acts of crime, were the forging of Pension Certificates. These were accomplished in a most singular manner. Well acquainted with American history, he drew up fictitious papers relating to certain pensioners—described the battles in which they had been engaged, named the officers under whom they had served, and had every statement properly and officially attested. In doing this, he was sometimes reduced to the most desperate straits. He gave the seals of county courts, in distant parts of the country, and divers signatures, correctly, the possession of which, on his part, was deemed exceedingly mysterious. These certificates were forwarded to the proper department at Washington, and the pensions regularly paid, all of which flowed regularly into Osgood's hands. The signature of Richard Riker, of New York, had been attached to nearly all the certificates, and this had been so effectually done by the forger, that at last, when the correctness of the name was disputed, he went himself to the office of Mr. Riker, to ask the clerk to swear that the writing was Mr. Riker's—it was sometime before that gentleman could decide that the signature was not his own, so completely had it been forged. It was however deemed a counterfeit; and suspicion being aroused, information was sent to Washington, the archives were searched, and a mass of papers was forwarded to the District Attorney at New York, every one of which proved to be a forgery, from Osgood's hands.

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MARRIED,

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